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OPINION

on the dissertaon for awarding the educaonal and scienfic degree "Doctor" in the scienfic specialty:
02.22.01 "Ecology and Ecosystem Conservaon"

Author of the dissertaon: Kostadin

Marinov Katrandzhiev,

full-me doctoral student at the Instute of Biodiversity and Ecosystem Research at the Bulgarian Academy of Sciences (IBER-BAS). Field of higher educaon: 4. "Natural Sciences, Mathemacs, and Informacs"; professional field: 4.3. "Biological Sciences"; scienfic specialty: "Ecology and Ecosystem Conservaon" in the Department of " Department of Ecosystem Research, Environmental Risk Assessment and Conservaon Biology" at the Instute of Biodiversity and Ecosystem Research at the Bulgarian Academy of Sciences, with academic supervisor Assoc. Prof. Dr. Svetla Valova BratanovaDoncheva and scienfic consultants Prof. Dr. Nesho Hainrih Chipev and Prof. Dr. Stoyan Tsvetanov Nedkov.

Dissertaon topic:

Spaal analysis and assessment of the status and ecosystem services of ecosystems in the upper forest boundary of Rila

Member of the scienfic jury:

Prof. Dr. Tzvetan Mladenov Zlatanov, Instute of Biodiversity and Ecosystem Research at the Bulgarian Academy of Sciences.

Relevance of the Issue

The topic of the dissertaon is relevant in the context of the increasingly necessary adapve management of natural ecosystems in response to climate change condions and the insufficient understanding of the dynamics in high-mountain ecosystems, as well as the role of remote sensing methods in assessing their status.

Level of knowledge of the issue and creave interpretaon of the literature review At the required level.

Goal, tasks, hypotheses, and research methods. Consistency of the chosen research methodology with the stated goals and tasks of the dissertaon

The goals and tasks are formulated in a clear manner, providing a solid foundation for constructing the dissertation. The research objects are described in detail. In this part of the dissertation, improvements are observed compared to the initially presented versions, such as the analyses being described in more details and additional information being provided about the studied objects. The chosen methodology aligns with the stated goals and tasks. Significant improvements have also been made in the formulation of the conclusions and contributions of the dissertation, both scientific and practical. At the same time, it should be noted that from the very beginning of the work, the doctoral student attempted to cover a very broad range of issues, which hindered a deeper exploration of many of the topics addressed (especially those related to forest ecosystem management). In the assessment/analysis of parameters directly related to the structural-functional characteristics of the chosen high-mountain ecosystem in the Rila National Park, observations were made with very few field measurements, which I consider to be unconventional. This includes the almost complete absence of high-resolution remote sensing images, taken by the researcher. This was compensated by the extensive use of vegetation indices through remote sensing (orthophotos, satellite data) and other methods. What has been said does not diminish the achievements of the dissertation, but it does make it somewhat unconventional, according to my understanding.

Visualization, presentation and discussion of the Results

The results are presented in sufficient detail and at a good level. In my opinion, the discussion is somewhat less emphasized, particularly in the attached publications. Personally, I do not prefer the approach where a discussion does not follow the presentation of the results. This way, the sense of coherence in the work is lost. Nevertheless, I respect the doctoral student's decision and accept it.

Conclusions, recommendations and contributions

The conclusions, recommendations, and contributions presented are consistent with the results established in the work and are significant. I have a comment regarding conclusion 3 – I quote: "The overall study proves that high-mountain ecosystems are dynamic and primarily sensitive to changes in climatic conditions" – this is too general as a conclusion. I also believe that conclusion 5 – I quote "...based on the results regarding the status of the vegetation cover, it is concluded that the studied highmountain ecosystem demonstrates resilience and flexibility" – in order to make such a conclusion, physiological studies and those related to the growth of the main tree species constituting the studied high-mountain ecosystem would be necessary.

Assessment of the doctoral student's personal contribution to the work The doctoral student has made a sufficient personal contribution.

Other comments:

I would like to note that the entire text is presented at a good level, both in terms of language and writing style.

Quesons:

I have none.

Evaluation of the credits achieved and publicaons related to the dissertaon:

Sufficient and in accordance with the requirements. Congratulaons on the published paper in the presgious journal "Diversity."

CONCLUSION:

Based on the methods learned and applied by the doctoral student, the properly conducted experiments, and the generalizaons and conclusions drawn, I believe that the presented dissertaon meets the requirements of the Higher Educaon and Science Act and the Regulaons for its applicaon, which gives me grounds to evaluate it as **POSITIVE**.

I recommend the esteemed Scienfic Jury to also vote posively and award Kostadin Marinov Katrandzhiev the educaonal and scienfic degree "Doctor" in the scienfic specialty: 02.22.01 "Ecology and Ecosystem Conservaon."

Date: 27.02.2025

Opinion by:

Sofia

Prof. Dr. Tzvetan Zlatanov